

## ÜDS-KPDS HATIRLATMA

### DİLBİLGİSİ SORULARI

1.

THAT

- ❖ Virgülden sonra that kullanılmaz (non-defining relative clause)
- ❖ Preposition (edat) dan sonra that kullanılmaz. ( on that – at that – during that)
- ❖ all, everything, something, anything, nothing, none, little, few, much dan sonra that kullanılır.
- There's something that you should know.
- Superlative lerden sonra that kullanılır.
- It was the best film that I've ever seen.

Where  
When  
Why  
Whose  
Whom

} yanlarında fiil kullanılmaz.

Of whom yanına fiil alır.

- ❖ What soluna isim almaz. İsim what in içinde gizlidir

two

some

Most

whom

None

Noun + All

of +

which

Several

Neither

whose

Both

Half

Each



6.

Unlike  
As opposed to  
Contrary to  
In contrast with / to

isim  
Ving , cümle

- Unlike any other type of cell, embryonic stem cells have the capacity to develop into any type of tissue in the body.
- We ate in the restaurant, as opposed to the bistro.
- In contrast to the limitations of sensory and short-term storage, long-term memory is indefinite; much of it lasts a lifetime.
- Contrary to popular belief, women cause fewer road accidents than men.

7.

Cümle ; on the contrary , cümle  
in contrast,  
contrarily,  
on the other hand,

- It is not an idea around which the Community can unite. On the contrary, I see it as one that will divide us.
- On the one hand, if the body doesn't have enough cholesterol, we would not be able to survive. On the other hand, if the body has too much cholesterol, the excess begins to line the arteries.

8.

Appear  
Look  
Act  
Treat  
Behave  
Speak  
seem

as if / as though

- The unsubstantial story was as if she were retelling a dream.

9.

Wish + simple past  
Modal V1

Wish + past perfect

Modal have v3  
present

Present

Past

FARAZI

- Wish ten önceki ve sonraki özne aynı ise would kullanılmaz. (gramer polisleri)

## 10.

Be used to	}	+ Ving
Get used to		
Be accustomed to		
Get accustomed to		
Look forward to		
Be opposed to		
Object to		
Feel like		
Can't help		
Can't stand		
Can't bear		
It is no use		
It is no good		
It is worth		
In the habit of		
There is no point in		
Feel like		
It is a waste of time/money		
To have difficulty / trouble /problems		
To have a hard time / a-an bad-good-hard/ enjoyable time		

- It is no good complaining all the time.
- There was no point in staying any longer.
- Some people still object to teaching children about sex in public schools.
- People who have trouble falling or staying asleep may be more likely to die sooner from natural causes compared to those who sleep well.

## 11.

Of all	}	+ superlative
Among		
Of these		
One of the...		
Have/has ever V3		
In the world vb		
By far		

- Insects are among the most fascinating animals on earth.
- We've had some pretty good directors over the years but Dr. Radcliff is by far the most capable of them.
- Japanese people are among the healthiest in the world, and one of the reasons for this is their diet.

12.

Though  
Even though  
Although  
Much though  
Much as  
Sıfat- zarf+as  
Sıfat-zarf +though  
Zarf+as

**zıtlık bildirir. ... e rağmen, ..... se....de, se....da**

cümle , cümle

- Although Darwin was not the first evolutionist, modern evolutionary biology begins with him.
- The rainforest contains more than half of Earth's plant and animal species, even though rain forests cover only about 6% of the earth's surface.
- Much as I would like to I can't go.
- ❖ Though ana cümlelerin sonuna gelerek diğerlerinden farklı olarak kullanılabilir. Bu durumda anlamı however dır.
- Though the United States has spent billions of dollars on foreign aid programs, it has captured neither the affection nor esteem of the rest of the world.
- Though the cold weather, they went out.
- It's a beautiful, though unimaginative, building.

13.

In addition to  
As well as  
Along with  
Apart from  
Besides

**yanı sıra, ek olarak**

+ isim (öbeği)  
Ving

- Today, in contrast, many Negroes have achieved outstanding success in the arts and sciences as well as in the business and professional world.
- Apart from hydro-electricity, there are several other non-depletable energy sources in use such as wind turbines and solar heating.
- Besides those who directly lost money in this week's fall, investors in Europe have good reason to be wary of continental Europe's banking sector.

14.

Because of  
On account of  
As a result of  
As a consequence of  
Due to  
Owing to

**... m yüzünden, ....den dolayı**

+ isim (öbeği)  
Ving

- Many children fail to take advantage of the present facilities for higher education because of economic stress in the family.

- Due to the devastation of the forests on a large scale, the authorities will take all the necessary precautions on the matter.
- Owing to a substantial increase in oil prices in the 1980's, the Turkish economy was under a severe strain until the mid 1990's.
- Amazon basin has always attracted businessmen on account of its valuable and rich resources such as rubber, coffee and cocoa.
- Older drivers are more likely to be seriously injured because of the fragility of their bones.

15.

Not only ... but also	tekil / çoğul
Niether ... nor	tekil / çoğul
Either... or	tekil / çoğul
Both... and	çoğul fiil

- What is great about DNA is that not only can it tell the identity of a person, but it can also give information about four thousand genetic conditions and diseases.
- It's no longer news that stress can take its toll on both your physical and mental health.

16.

No sooner... had v3 ... than cümle  
 Scarcely ... had v3 ..... when  
 Hardly..... had v3 .... When  
 Barely ... had v3 .... when

- No sooner had I gone out than the bomb exploded.
- He'd no sooner begun to speak than the lights went out.

17.

**Would rather V1 than v1**

I would rather drink coffee than drink tea.

**Would rather subject V2 than V2**

I would rather you told the truth than told lie.

**Would rather have V3 than have V3 (past)**

I would rather have stayed in Turkey than have gone abroad last year.

**Would prefer to V1 than to V1**

I would prefer to learn English than to learn German.

**Would prefer subject to V1 to V1**

I prefer tea to coffee.

I prefer dancing to swimming

18.

Via  
Through  
By means of  
Thanks to  
With the help / aid of



... sayesinde, ...in yardımı ile, ... yoluyla

+ isim (öbeği)  
Ving

- Thanks to recent research, effective treatments are available.
- The brain receives and sends information by means of nerves, many of which lie partly in the spinal cord.
- The cells of the human body convert food to energy through the process of oxidation.
- Our brains have been processing sophisticated information via our senses for millions of years.

19.

Before  
After  
Until  
Since  
As soon as  
By the time



Bu yapıların bulunduğu yan cümlelerde continuous tense kullanılmaz.

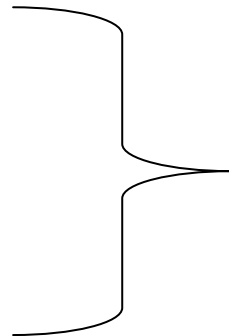
- Antibodies are never produced naturally until our body is attacked by bacteria.

20.

A number of + çoğul fiil  
The number of + tekil fiil  
A great deal of + sayılamayan isim  
A big/small amount of + sayılamayan isim  
A small/big quantity of + sayılamayan isim

21.

So far  
Up to now  
Till now  
Up until know  
By now  
Hitherto  
Over  
Recently/lately  
As yet  
Thus far



Genelde perfect tense ile kullanılırlar.

- Certain records have come to light recently, which suggest that it was the Chinese who discovered America.
- Scientists haven't found an effective cure for AIDS so far.
- Hitherto, the main emphasis has been on the need to resist aggression.

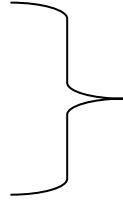
22.

Have / get something done  
 Have somebody do smt  
 Get somebody to do smt  
 Make somebody do smt  
 Let somebody do smt  
 Help somebody (to) v1

allow, assist, compel, convince, employ, encourage, force, hire, motivate, permit, require  
 subject  
 to v1

23.

So as to  
 In order to  
 To  
 In an effort to  
 In an attempt to



+ verb 1 – cümle gelmez

- In order to understand why computers are important, we have to understand what a computer is and what it does.
- In their attempt to overcome the anti-social effects of modern architecture, architects have directed their attention to more informal settlements.

24.

Opinion  
 Belief  
 Contention  
 Assumption  
 Fear  
 Idea  
 Fact  
 Claim



bu isimler yanlarına that almayı severler.

Clear  
 Obvious  
 True  
 Certain  
 Interesting  
 Surprising  
 A shame  
 Pity  
 Disturbing  
 dreadful



kendilerinden sonra that almayı severler.

- The assumption that the elimination of economic and social grievances may help the prevention of war leads us naturally to the idea that we must try to solve these problems as soon as possible.
- The belief that everyone must sleep 8 hours a night is a myth.
- Her main contention is that staff should get better training.
- Many people dispute the claim that Columbus discovered America and insist that that was done by a Viking explorer.

25.

Explain  
Wonder  
Depend on  
Remember  
Know  
Understand  
Ask



yanlarına whether /that/ soru kelimeleri (noun clause) almayı severler.

- Numerous legends have tried to explain why human nature is not perfect and why people die.
- Scientists have long wondered which parts of the brain are involved in musical tasks.
- When economists try to explain why the Internet is more popular in one country than another, they usually point to factors such as the number of PCs, telephone lines or average years of schooling.

26.

Than that of  
Than those of

- His salary as a bus driver is much higher than that of a teacher
- Most of the highways in Germany are wider than those in the Balkan countries.
- Turkey is not only trying to be a part of EU. It is trying to have laws in accordance with those of international for the sake of its people too.

27.

Too+ sıfat+ to  
Sıfat +enough +to  
Enough +isim

- He is too short to play basketball.
- She is old enough to marry.
- Rural ozone pollution in China is high enough to threaten agriculture there.
- We have not enough time to play football.
- The opposition now seems too weak to stage any serious protests against the government.

28.

I like coffee.

So do I.

I don't like coffee.

Neither do I.

Nor do I.

I don't like coffee.

I don't like coffee either. / I don't either.

I like coffee.

I like coffee too.

29.

in that : Şu açıdan ki...

- Mammals differ from other vertebrates in that they have bodies that are covered with hair at some period of their lives.
- English has an advantage over languages in that it has become a commercial language all over the world.
- Petroleum differs from coal in that coal retains within itself visible evidence of the kind of material from which it was formed, and petroleum does not.

30.

everyone    someone    anyone    no one  
 everybody    somebody    anybody    nobody  
 everything    something    anything    nothing



Kendilerinden sonra tekil fiil alırlar.

31.

At the time ----- past

If only ----- past

32.

YAN CÜMLE , TEMEL CÜMLE

When  
 While  
 As  
 Since SVO  
 Whereas CÜMLE , SVO  
 Provided CÜMLE  
 Although  
 If  
 As long as

- Although he was seen to be an aggressive politician, he was a quiet and loving family man at home.
- Since life began eons ago, thousands of creatures have come and gone.
- While there are few delays for chemotherapy, waits for radiotherapy have lengthened over the past few years.

TEMEL CÜMLE

YAN CÜMLE

SV(O) When  
 While  
 As long as  
 If  
 Unless SV(O)  
 Although  
 As long as  
 After  
 Before  
 In case

- Photosynthesis cannot take place unless light has access to the leaves.
- Women have been playing football as long as the game has existed.

33.

This time next year I \_\_\_\_\_ English.

a) Will teach

b) Will be teaching \*\*\*

This time next year I \_\_\_\_\_ for five years.

a. Will be teaching

b. Will have been teaching \*\*\*

34.

- I'll buy him a present in return for his help. (in reply to / in respond to)

35.

On the point of

On the brink of

On the cliff of

On the edge of

On the verge of



Ving (... mek üzere / ...nın eşiğinde)

- The country is on the point of making a major decision about its future.
- The recovery of private industries which were on the verge of bankruptcy was the main issue for the new government.
- The country seems almost on the brink of civil war as fighting intensifies between government troops and rebel forces.

36.

I \_\_\_\_\_ him before.

a) Haven't seen \*\*\*

b) Didn't see

I \_\_\_\_\_ him before last Christmas.

a) Have seen

b) Saw \*\*\*

c)

37.

Instead of smt

On behalf of smb



yerine

- The assistant lectured on behalf of the professor.
- Light colors reflect heat, but dark colors absorb heat instead of throwing it back.

38.

You can pass the exam

only if  
provided that  
providing that

you study.

as long as  
so long as  
on condition that

- Women have been playing football as long as the game has existed.
- You can stay here on condition that you look after the animals and the garden.
- A patient has the right to refuse to give consent to treatment, provided that the patient is able to exercise his judgement clearly and freely.

39.

If = provided that  
Providing that  
Supposed that  
Supposing that  
Assuming that  
On condition that

} şartıyla

- Provided that the conditions are appropriate, each living organism will be able to multiply and spread.
- You can stay here on condition that you look after the animals and the garden.

40.

Regarding  
Concerning  
As regards  
With regard to  
About

} ...e ilişkin

- Most of our knowledge regarding the structure of the earth has been from the study of rocks.
- As regards the development of moral standards in the growing child, consistency is very important in parental teaching.
- Concerning the question of capital punishment, the U.S. and its allies stand on opposite sides of a great divide.

41.

**In terms of:** itibariyle, bakımından  
**With respect to:** ...e göre (kıyaslamada)  
**According to:** ...e göre (görüş belirtirken)  
**In addition to:** ...e ilaveten

- The amount of air pollution over the cities in the inner parts of the country is of great importance in terms of human health.
- People who learn longer live longer according to a study of links between health and education among adults.
- The report arranged with respect to the factors affecting the development of the under develop countries is of great importance in many respects.

42.

Since = 1. için ( because , as ) 2. ...den beri

- Since most of the members were absent the meeting were delayed.

- Since nearly all drugs and medications can cause fetal damage or malformations it is important for pregnant women to avoid them as much as possible.
- Since we were in the computer lab, our English has improved.
- Since life began eons ago, thousands of creatures have come and gone.
- Since the great oil crisis of the 1970s, the International Energy Agency has encouraged and supported research carried out to discover alternative energy sources.

**While = 1. iken (zaman)                      2. karşıt, rağmen, oysa (= whereas)**

- The majority will of the people rules in a democracy, while in a dictatorship, power is in the hands of a single person.
- Boys who play video games on school days spend 30% less time reading, while girls spend 34% less time doing homework if they play video games.
- In recent years, the number of students applying to Ph.D. programs has increased steadily, while the number of places available has remained constant.
- I normally look after the children while she is practising.

**As = 1. iken,dikçe (zaman)                      2. çünkü, için (= since, because)**

- As he didn't bring the money, he didn't get the book.
- As she reached the age of thirty she became convinced she would remain single all her life.
- As they were investigating molecular electronics, they started seeing hints of an unexpected effect in their experiments.
- As the can is opened, the content heat automatically.
- Health spending tends to rise disproportionately as countries become richer; but even adjusting for this, America is a case apart.
- As the deadline approached she experienced a bewildering array of emotions.
- As the plants grow and start to bear fruit they will need a lot of water.

**43.**

AS sınavda çıkabilecek çeşitli kullanılış biçimleri; bol örnekle pekiştirilmeye çalışıldı.

- Shelves were built to adapt the library for use as an office.
- In an exercise designed to be as real as possible, they simulated an advance on enemy positions.
- The group has adventured as far as the Austrian alps.
- Methane is often regarded as the second most important greenhouse gas after carbon dioxide.
- As part of the treatment, he attended 15 weeks of after-care.
- Many people are allergic to airborne pollutants such as pollen.
- As a musician, you cannot be apolitical.
- There was no obvious reason why this could not be as good a film as the original.
- As a result of the growing fears about home security, more people are arranging for someone to stay in their home when they're away.
- In this changing business environment, different demands are being placed on employees. As a consequence, the education system needs to change.
- The border, effectively closed since 1981, will be opened as of January the 1st.
- They should make decisions as to whether the student needs more help.
- Smoking is still attractive to many young people who see it as glamorous.
- The two women were sitting as far away from each other as possible.
- Cuba is the largest island in the Caribbean, an area that the United States has long regarded as its own backyard.

- On many modern wooden boats, epoxy coatings will have been used as a base for varnishing.
- Some investigators regarded her as the brains of the gang.

44.

FOR ve BY – Örnek cümleler

- The assessment for the course involves written assignments and practical tests.
  - The tests are supposed to provide a basis for the assessment of children.
  - She arranged an appointment for Friday afternoon at four-fifteen.
  - Modern medicine has a large armoury of drugs for the treatment of mental illness.
  - For years this anomalous behaviour has baffled scientists
  - The government has announced an immediate amnesty for rebel fighters.
  - The United States is a close ally of South Korea, and maintains forces there for its defence.
  - The lab has recently been updated to allow for more advanced courses.
  - In 1991, the house was advertised for sale at \$49,000.
- 
- The island may be reached by boat from the mainland.
  - Some of the blame for the miscarriage of justice must be borne by the solicitors.
  - By the year 2020 business computing will have changed beyond recognition.
  - One billion people throughout the world are Muslims, united by belief in one god.
  - The basic design changed little from that patented by Edison more than 100 years ago.
  - By borrowing from dozens of banks, he managed to avoid giving any of them an overall picture of what he was up to.
  - Government troops broke up the protest by firing their guns in the air.
  - Their sleep is regularly disturbed by the sound of gunfire as criminal gangs settle their nightly accounts.
  - I didn't know if I could raise a child by myself.
  - Violent crime has increased by 10 percent since last year.
  - By eight o'clock he had arrived at my hotel.
  - Pharmacists are required by law to give the medicine prescribed by the doctor.
  - By using the air ambulance to transport patients between hospitals, he estimates that they can save up to 15,000 per patient.

45.

**First conditional:**

If I have enough time, I will study English. .  
We will have to go without him if he is late.

	<p>If my mother knows about the broken vase, we are in serious trouble.          If you will come this way, the manager will see you now.(nezaket)          If I have the money ,I will take a vacation.</p>
<b>2. Second conditional:</b>	<p>If I had enough time, I would study English          If I knew her name, I would tell you.          I would stop teaching if I won the lottery</p> <p>If you would only try, you would succeed.          I would be grateful if you would give me a little help.          If I had the money, I would take a vacation.</p>
<b>3. Third conditional:</b>	<p>If I had had enough time, I would have studied English..          If you had warned me, I would not have told your father about that party.          He might have been able to help you if he had been here.          I could have been a professor if there hadn't been the exam named as UDS</p>
<b>Mixed type</b>	<p>If yesterday had been today, today would be tomorrow.          If you had warned me [then], I would not be in trouble [now].          We are much relieved now if there weren't any exams like UDS and KPDS.</p>
<b>Inversion</b>	<p>Should you come here again ,I 'll be with you.          Were I in YOK'S shoes ,I would annul UDS.          Were he to go England ,he would spend his time on practising.          Had I come to the party ,it would have been much more enjoyable.          Had I had time, I would have helped you.</p>

46.

Since kullanımına örnekler

- This research has been in progress since 1961 and has yielded a great number of positive results.
- The country is facing a crisis unparalleled since the Second World War.
- The two parties have been trying to unite since the New Year.
- Since the roads are very bad, the journey took us a long time.
- More than a century and a half since the transatlantic slave trade was abolished, slavery is far from dead.
- Since the costs of science were rising faster than inflation, some restriction on funding was necessary.
- No-one knows how many people have been killed since the war began.
- Since its inception the company has produced 53 different aircraft designs.
- Ever since we moved last year, I worry a lot about whether I can handle this new job.

47.

Noun clause ( isim cümlesinde) if ve whether ayrımı

Whether = or not hemen sonra yada cümle sonunda gelebilir

If = if' den hemen sonra or not gelmez.

If cümle başında yada preposition'dan sonra kullanılmaz; whether her iki durumda da kullanılır.

Be fiilinden sonra whether kullanılır if gelmez.

48.

### INVERSION

#### 1- IF (şart cümlecikleri)(Daha çok type 3)

Had I been a bit more careful, I could have corrected my mistakes on the test.

(If I had been.....)

Should you have difficulty starting the car, you can call the mechanic. (If you should.....)

Were you to try harder, I am sure you would be successful in the EXAM. (If you were to try harder.....=If you tried harder.....)

#### 2- NOR

You mustn't drive too fast. Nor must you drive when you are sleepy.

#### 3- Sıralanan zarflar cümle başlarında kullanıldığında

		-Not		
	-No	only.....but		
-Never	-Scarcely	also		
-Rarely	-Hardly	-Not	-At no time....	-Only.....
-Seldom		until=Only		
	sooner.....than	when		

#### NEVER / RARELY / SELDOM

- Seldom does he come with a new idea.
- Rarely had she been given her approval
- Never have I seen such a beautiful lady.

#### HARDLY / SCARCELY / NO SOONER.....THAN

- Scarcely had her head touched the pillow when she fell into a deep sleep.
- Hardly had we started our task when our teacher wanted it.
- No sooner did I went out of my office than I realized someone waiting outside.

#### NOT ONLY.....BUT ALSO

- Not only is he ill, but he is also close to death.
- Not only did the lady thanked to the boy, but she also give money to him.

#### NOT UNTIL = ONLY WHEN

-Not until he spoke did I give him an answer. = Only when he spoke did I give him an answer.

-Only when the teacher give you permission, may you speak in the classroom..

#### BY CHANCE / ONLY THEN-TODAY / .....

- Only in a few countries does the whole population enjoy a reasonable standard of living.
- Only from the mistakes in life could we discover the truth.

- Only then did she understand that her husband had left her.
- Only by chance did the scientist find POST-IT.

AT NO TIME / IN NO WAY / NOWHERE /.....

- In no way can she be held responsible for the loss of the money.
- On no account are the students allowed to cheat in the exam.
- Nowhere did he have a better opportunity to earn money than than the insurance company in Adana
- At no time did the poor receive enough help from the rich.
- We thought for a long time , but nowhere could we find the missing boy.

#### 4- AS / SO

He was as rich, as were all the members of his family.  
So rapidly has the fired workers increased that they go on a strike.

#### 5- Yer belirten zarflarla başlayan cümlelerde ( özellikle şu fiillerle: GO, COME, SIT, STAND, LIE, WALK)

On the stairs was standing the secretary..  
Here comes the most popular student of the class.  
Under the ladder was a cat.

49.

#### A: NOUN CLAUSE:

İsim cümleleri cümlede isim görevinde kullanılır.

#### 1. that                      2. if / whether                      3. wh question words

Bunlarda zaman uyumu aranmaz ama mantıksal bir zaman uyumunu da akılda tutmakta fayda vardır. Aşağıda cümle içerisinde hangi görevde (cümlelerin hangi ögesi) olduğuna dikkat ediniz.

**What you have done up to now** is not a success but a failure.

**What you do** is **what you get**.

We are interested in **what you are doing**.

The trouble in their marriage is **that they have different points of view to life**.

I was asked **whether I wanted to stay at a hotel or at his home**.

He wondered **where all these strangers could have come from**.

It appears **that he followed my advice**.

**That the writer had written with bias** is so natural.

#### B: ADJECTIVE CLAUSES

Sıfat cümleleri isimlere yada zamirlere gönderme yaparlar ve gönderme yaptıkları isim ve zamirleri daha açık belirleyebilmek için büyük ölçüde onlardan sonra gelirler.

**The treatment, which is being tried by the doctors,** has lead to an improvement in the condition of the patients.

**The man whose moustache is a bit strange** is a war veteran.

This is **the year when profits should increase**.

**The first two applicants** with whom the manager talked regarded as suitable for the job.  
**The sun,** which is indispensable for life, is at a long distance.

### C: ADVERBIAL CLAUSES

Zarf cümleleri ya fiil,sıfat,ve zarf gibi tek sözcükleri yada bütün olan cümleleri çeşitli yönlerden nitelerler.Zarf cümleleri nasıl?, nerede?, neden? ; ve ne kadar? gibi sorulara cevap verir ve cümlenin birçok yerinde görülebilir.

**When the boy stole that valueless thing,** no one said anything.

**If he had had a second chance,** he would have achieved in the examination.

I haven't said even a word to him **since he came home.**

**Although it was snowing,** it wasn't cold.

You are not permitted to go out **unless you tell the truth.**

50.

### TAG QUESTIONS

#### ÖZEL DURUMLAR

1. There is/are yapısında özne olarak there kullanılır.

There was a mistake in the bill, wasn't there?

There used to be a market near here, didn't there?

There isn't much traffic in Adana in these days, is there?

2. Am I right, aren't I?

3. Cümlemizin öznesi

A. anyone(anybody),noone(nobody),someone(somebody),everyone(everybody) ise kuyruk sorusunda özne olarak they kullanılır.

Everybody is ready, aren't they?

Noone wants to fail in the exam, do they?( noone olumsuzluk kattığı için yardımcı olumsuz olarak algılanıp,kuyruk sorusu olumlu yapılır.)

B. everything,something,nothing gibi bir öznenen meydana geliyorsa, kuyruk sorusunda özne olarak it kullanılır.

Nothing came in the post, did it?

Something should be sold, shouldn't it?

4. Let's go,shall we?

5. Aşağıdaki gibi durumlarda 1. yardımcı fiil kullanılır.

He has been digging all day, hasn't he?

6. Cümlemizde nothing, nobody, barely, hardly, seldom, never, no, none gibi anlamca olumsuzluk taşıyan ifadeler varsa anlamca olumsuz olur ve kuyruk sorusu olumlu olur.

The student hardly achieved in the exam, did he?

They seldom work hard, do they?

7. Cümlemiz basit cümle değil ise ana cümlenin yardımcı fiili kuyruk sorularında kullanılır.

You know you can improve your English, don't you?

The man who was arrested yesterday is in prison now, isn't he?

8. I don't think, I don't guess gibi yapılar yardımcı fiil seçimini etkilemez ama anlamca cümleyi olumsuz yaptığından kuyruk soruları olumlu olur.

I don't think this is appropriate for his kind of situation, is it (is this)?

(= I think this isn't appropriate for this kind of situation,

9. had better yapısında yardımcı fiil olmadığını düşünürüz.

He had better do it, hadn't he?

## CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA

1. Soru kökünde ve cevapta geçen öznelerin ortak oluşu bir ipucu olabilir.

Mozart \_\_\_\_\_ he , him, his  
Cells \_\_\_\_\_ they, their, them

The experts \_\_\_\_\_ they, them, their  
 Scientific knowledge \_\_\_\_\_ it, its

**2. “Akraba” Kelimelere dikkat edelim.**

Scientists \_\_\_\_\_ Experts, science, experiment, conduct, study, science world, exploration,  
 Observation, article, prove, proof vb.

Eartquake \_\_\_\_\_ tremble, shake, disaster, calamity, catastrophe, magnitude, crust vb.

Health \_\_\_\_\_ doctor, hospital, disease, cure, emergency, death, ill, illness, operation,  
 Expense vb.

Abandon \_\_\_\_\_ abandonment

Leave \_\_\_\_\_ depart, exit, quit

Incorrectly \_\_\_\_\_ erroneously; mistakenly; inappropriately; improperly;

**3. Cümle Dizilimlerine dikkat edelim, cümledeki eksik öğeyi bulalım. Aşağıda genel olarak çokça çıkan dizilişler örneklerle beraber sunulmuştur.**

<u>Soru kökü</u>	<u>Seçenek</u>
A. Temel cümle	Yan Cümle
B. Yan cümle	Temel Cümle
C. Temel cümle	Sıfat Cümlesi
D. İsim cümlesi (SV)	Nesne (O)
E. Giriş	Temel Cümle
F. Ortaç (kısaltma)	Temel Cümle
G. Temel Cümle	bağlaç+ Temel cümle

**ÖRNEKLER**

A. Atomic clocks keep time by tracking the vaves which atoms emit as they oscillate between different energy levels.

**Most of the Japanese car companies make Money through sales abroad** only when the yen is weak.

B. **Although the company plans to branch out into new territories,** there will be almost no change in the way it does business.

**If the war is short of duration,** oil prices are likely to rise briefly and then fall sharply.

C. **The British parliament recently passed a law** which restricted access to information directly related to the production of biological weapons.

**In Paris new contemporary art space, the Palais de Tokyo, there is a salon** where you can read a book or meet with friends.

D. **The UN insists** that China had underinvested in crucial social services, especially education and public health.

**A recent study into cholesterol levels suggests** how immediately and lastingly blacks had affected American life throughout history.

E. **Thanks to the popularity of nature documentaries on TV,** there has been little increase of environmental awareness among people from all walks of life.

**With air pollution levels continuing to rise,** the atmosphere today contains 30 percent more carbon dioxide than it did 250 years ago.

F. Having conducted the survey, **the Board proceeded to review the strategic plan in light of the results and changes over the past eighteen months.**

**Being the largest city in the United States,** New York is a favorite tourist destination.

G. In Sweden, steel making on a large scale developed well, **because there was a shortage of coal for smelting.**

The latest digital radio is supplied with a pair of active speakers **so you don't have to plug it into an amplifier.**

#### 4. Zaman bağlaçlarıyla yapılan cümlelerde zaman uyumuna dikkat edilir.

Unless, when, while\*, as\*, after, before, as soon as, once, until gibi zaman bağlaçları, kendilerinin yer aldığı yan cümle bağlandıkları temel cümle arasında zaman uyumu gerektirir.

- **Unless** we step our efforts to protect the environment, we **cannot look forward to** a healthy and prosperous future.
- **Untill** science **develops** ways of predicting natural disasters earlier and more accurately, they **will continue to cause** untold throughout the world.
- In the US, the rise in the birth rate **was** most rapid during the late 1970s and through 1980s **when** the rate **increased** by about 4% per year.

#### 5. Mantıksal İlişkiler ( zıtlık, sebep-sonuç, destekleme, amaç vb)

Özellikle aşağıdaki geçiş kelimeleri soru olarak gelir. Bu kelimeler ve dahası paragraf sorularında da son derece önemlidir.

Addition:

moreover, furthermore, in addition, also, incidentally, by the way, further, too, again, more important, next, first, second, etc., firstly, secondly, etc., in the first place, in the second place, etc., last, lastly, finally, either, as well.

Contrast:

however, yet, in contrast on the other hand, in any case, on the contrary, still, otherwise, actually, all the same, at any rate, at the same time, nevertheless, instead, in spite of this, anyway, by contrast, in reality.

Comparison:

likewise, similarly, in the same way, in like manner, whereas

Cause, result, purpose:

therefore, thus, hence, consequently, after all, to be sure, for this reason, accordingly, then, knowing this, naturally, of course, with this object, with this end, to this end, because of this, with this in mind, in many cases, by this means, in this way, as

**6. Noktalamaya dikkat etmek gerekir. (fakat OSYM'nin bu noktalama işaretlerinin kullanımı konusunda çok tutarlı olmadığımı belirtmek gerekir. Bazı sorular için ipucu olabileceği gibi, bazı sorularda noktalamaya göre şık elemek bizi hataya düşürebilir.)**

Yan Cümle virgül Ana Cümle

Although it's been 75 years since the discovery of Pluto, the planet remains a mystery to scientists.

Unless the northern part of this country gets some rain soon, there will be a poor harvest this year.

If the protective measures had been taken to prevent inflation last year, Argentine wouldn't have been in a critical situation.

Ana Cümle Yan Cümle

Photosynthesis cannot take place **unless** light has access to the leaves.

Racing was halted for an hour **while** the track was repaired.

❖ Yan cümle kurulmasına rağmen zıtlık olarak kullanılan even though, though, whereas, while gibi bağlaçlar da ana cümle ve yan cümle arasında virgül kullanılabilir.

- Even though Arizona and Rhode Island are both states of the U.S., they are strikingly different in many ways.
- Boys who play video games on school days spend 30% less time reading, while girls spend 34% less time doing homework if they play video games.

❖ but, and, yet, for, or, so gibi bağlaçlarda hemen önce virgül kullanılır.

- Most of those counted by the poverty statistics are elderly or handicapped or have family responsibilities which keep them out of the labor force, so the poverty statistics are by no means an accurate indicator of labor market pathologies.
- Some veg and herbs cost a small fortune in the shops, yet you can grow them for a few pence.

❖ however, nonetheless, nevertheless, therefore, moreover, furthermore gibi geçiş kelimelerinde noktalama aşağıdaki gibi yapılır.

\_\_\_\_\_. However, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_; however, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, however, \_\_\_\_\_

**ÇEVİRİ**

**1. yüklem**

Experts predict – tahmin etmektedir  
 Are working – çalışmaktadır  
 Gets weaker – zayıflar  
 Geologists want to know – bilmek istemektedir.

BE

Is no evidence – kanıt yoktur.  
 Is the first tangible clue – elle tutulur ilk ipucudur  
 Was not clear – açık değildir –değildi  
 Were important – önemliydi

## 2. özne

Men are – erkekler  
 Scientists were – bilim adamları  
 Most of the animals were – çoğu hayvan

## 3. zarf - sıfat – tanımlayıcı

more important than – daha önemli  
 most of the time – çoğu zaman  
 only- sadece  
 exceptionally – istisnai  
 clearly- açıkça  
 surprisingly- şaşırtıcı biçimde  
 undoubtedly – şüphesiz  
 mutually – karşılıklı olarak

## 4. cümle türü ( sıfat- zarf – isim)

when they discovered – keşfettiklerinde  
 although it was not possible – mümkün olmamasına rağmen  
 if the experiments conducted – deneyler yapılırsa  
 after the match had ended – maç tamamlandıktan sonra  
 people who were at risk – tehlikede olan insanlar

## PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA – PARAGRAFA UYMAYANI ATMA

### 1. İlk Cümle

Paragrafın geri kalan kısmını içine alacak bir konu cümlesi

## 2. Son cümle

Paragrafı özetleyecek, sonuca bağlayacak bir cümle

## 3. Gereksiz zaman değişikliklerine dikkat edelim.

## 4. Aşağıdaki ifadelere dikkat edelim.

- There are many reasons \_\_\_\_ . One of them is
- There were various \_\_\_\_ . The most important one is
- many cases \_\_\_\_ / such cases
- First \_\_\_\_ . Second \_\_\_\_ . / Third \_\_\_\_ .
- 1990 \_\_\_\_ . 1995 \_\_\_\_ . 2000 \_\_\_\_ .
- 19<sup>th</sup> century \_\_\_\_ . 20<sup>th</sup> century \_\_\_\_ . 21<sup>st</sup> century \_\_\_\_ .
- There are many people \_\_\_\_ . Most of them are.... / Some of them are
- Two types of \_\_\_\_ . Both were \_\_\_\_ .
- These are cats and dogs \_\_\_\_ . The former \_\_\_\_ . The latter \_\_\_\_ .
- Einstein was \_\_\_\_ . He \_\_\_\_ . / His \_\_\_\_ . \_\_\_\_ him
- Many obstacles \_\_\_\_ . These include
- The computer is \_\_\_\_ . It \_\_\_\_ . Many types of it \_\_\_\_ .
- A scientist \_\_\_\_ . The scientist \_\_\_\_ . This expert is \_\_\_\_ . He / She is \_\_\_\_ .
- Ankara was \_\_\_\_ . This town was \_\_\_\_ . /
- One was \_\_\_\_ . The other was \_\_\_\_ .
- One was \_\_\_\_ . Another was \_\_\_\_ . / Another was \_\_\_\_ . / The other \_\_\_\_ .
- On one hand \_\_\_\_ . On the other hand \_\_\_\_ .
- Scientists \_\_\_\_ . They \_\_\_\_ .
- common \_\_\_\_ . rare \_\_\_\_ .
- achievement \_\_\_\_ . accomplishment \_\_\_\_ . success \_\_\_\_ .
- whales \_\_\_\_ . Mammals \_\_\_\_ .
- young girls \_\_\_\_ . Young girls \_\_\_\_ .
- Major \_\_\_\_ . Minor \_\_\_\_ .

## 5. anlamsal bağlar

Meaning	Coordinating Conjunctions	Subordinating Conjunctions	Transition Words
addition	and		also, in addition, additionally, moreover, furthermore
cause/result	so	if, when	therefore, thus, as a result, as a consequence, consequently
choice	or, nor		instead, on the other hand
similarities			also, by comparison, similarly, likewise
concession	yet	although, even though	nevertheless
condition		if, unless, even if	
opposites	but	whereas, while	however, instead, nevertheless, on the other hand, in contrast
emphasis			in fact, undoubtedly, indeed
example			for example, as an example, for instance, as an illustration
reason/cause	for	because, as, since	
conclusion			in conclusion, after all, all in all, finally, overall, in summary
time		before, after, until, when, while since	then, next, later, earlier

- Using language is a very complex enterprise. **Moreover**, there is more to communication than merely putting sentences together.
- The majority of Americans increased their wealth in the past decade. **Furthermore**, the gains were substantial.
- Most of the evidence was destroyed in the fire. **Thus**, it would be almost impossible to prove him guilty.
- A mother recognises the feel of her child's skin when blindfolded. **Similarly**, she can instantly identify her baby's cry.
- Most marriages fail after between five and nine years. **Nevertheless**, people continue to get married.

## KARŞILIKLI KONUŞMALAR

**1. Yardımcı fiillerle sorulan sorulara onay ya da ret gerekir.**

Do you learn new words everyday?

Yes. / No. / Yes, I do. / No, I don't. / Absolutely. / Sure. / That's what I normally do. / Of course. / True. / Undoubtedly. / That's right. / Absolutely not. / Are you kidding? Of course not.

**2. Soru kelimeleriyle sorulan sorulara yes, no ve benzeri cevaplar veremeyiz.**

What do you think about the article on space travels?

Oh, it is interesting. / The article? I haven't read it yet. / That is inadequate. / It includes many unusual information.

**3. Öznelerin ve nesnelere (zamirlerin) tekrar edilmesi bir ipucu olabilir. (tekillik-çoğulluk)**

A. Have you heard about **the accident** ? B. No, I haven't heard about **it** ?

A. What a ridiculous **advertisement** this **is**! B. **Most of them** are these days. (= Most of the advertisements are ridiculous these days.)

A. **Academics** like to write about Shakespeare's plays, you know.  
B. I know **they** do. But that's not what the public wants.

A. How are you enjoying **being chairman of the company** ?  
B. **It's** a bit of a disappointment really.

A. **Einstein** is the one of the most famous scientists of all times, isn't he?  
B. Absolutely, **he** is. (= Yes, he is one of the most famous scientists of all times.)

**4. Aynı veya benzer kelimelerin (akraba kelimelerin) tekrarı bir ipucu olabilir.**

A. Do you think Turkish is a hard **language** to learn?  
B. Yes, but **English** is harder.

A. Educational **technology** is necessary to enhance the learning environment says the article.  
B. Isn't it clear from the fact that **computers, wise-boards and etc.** have been used in every field of life?

A. Air pollution, mostly caused by fumes from **cars**, is causing a sharp rise in illnesses such as asthma, hay fever, bronchitis and lung cancer. We must do something about it.  
B. Well, I agree with you. The first step must be to enhance **the public transportation**.

**OKUMA ANLAMA SORULARI**

**1. Parçada yer alan bir kelime soru kökünde yada doğru seçenekte direkt olarak yer alabilir.**

Educational technology----- educational technology  
In the 18<sup>th</sup> century----- in the 18<sup>th</sup> century

**2. Parçada geçen bir kelime eş anlamlısı, türüne göre sıfat, zarf isim, fiil halleriyle, kelimenin değişik bir haliyle ve de yaptığı çağrışımlarla(akraba kelimelerle) soru kökünde yada doğru seçenekte direkt olarak yer alabilir.**

Nutrition	nourishment, food, diet, digestion
Regenerate	regeneration, renew, recreate
Pivotal	important, crucial, essential, importance, vital
Restrict	restriction, limit, limitation
Maintain	maintenance
Hazard	hazardous, dangerous, menace, peril, harm
Invent	invention, inventor, creativity
Ability	capacity, gift, talent, skill, able, capability, aptitude, skilled, talented
Rival	contestant, rivalry, competition
Tendency	propensity, trend, inclination, tend
Wealthy	affluent, rich, prosperity
Book	read, reading, publication
The bird	the animal
Use	consume, consumption
Help	assist, assistance, helpful, aid
Quick	quickly, rapid, rapidly, swiftly
Rude	impolite, impoliteness, rudeness

**3. Parçada geçen bir gramer yapısı denk yapılarla soru kökünde ve doğru seçenekte geçebilir.**

Since ----- as, because,  
If----- unless, as long as, provided that  
Although--- even though, though, despite, in spite of, but, nevertheless  
Active----- passive

❖ Yukarıda sıralanan üç madde aynı anda görülebilir.

1-2-3. maddelere örnekler:

❖ We learn from the passage that in the opinion of Halley, \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. **a comet may, at some point in the future, strike Earth**

Parçada geçen ifade:

But Halley noted something else as well: **a comet** crossing the orbit of the earth **might one day collide with us.**

❖ According to the passage , **it was decided, after careful consideration**, that the height of the drawbridge \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. **should be the same as that of the previous one.**

Parçada geçen ifade:

When an **examination** of the bridges records show that  
The state **decided** to build a new **drawbridge with the same height as the old one.**

❖ According to the passage, **as the economic strength of the developing world increases**, one of the drawbacks this **leads to** is \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. governments **begin to interfere in** the affairs of neighbours and ,hence, **may cause political risks.**

Parçada geçen ifade:

**As economies in the developing world get stronger**, governments **are getting** more assertive and **meddling with** both companies and neighbouring countries, **increasing political risks.**

**4. Yanlış seçeneklerde kullanılması muhtemel sıfat, zarf ve belirleyiciler kesin olarak metin içerisinde ifade edilmedikçe ( bizzat kendileri ya da eşanlamlılarıyla) aşağıda sıralananların yer aldığı şıklar yanlış cevap olacaktır.**

Always, only, never, hardly, none, little , most, much, few, all, every, sole, complete, entire, full, many, some, invariably, fully, wholly, entirely, absolutely, mostly, mainly, largely, greatly, primarily,

**5. Yanlış seçenek parçaya göre çok genel çok özel olabilir.**

❖ Regular exercise may contribute to the diet. ( parça diyete etkisi)  
Regular exercise may contribute to overcome the stroke. ( yanlış seçenek inmeye etkisi)

❖ Most of these people spend their evenings watching television. ( parça most)  
All of the people watch television in the evenings. (yanlış seçenek all)

**6. Parçada geçen ifadelerin çok dışında ifadeler, farklı yönlerine gönderme yapan ifadeler veya hiç sözü geçmeyen ifadeler yanlış seçeneklerde kullanılabilir.**

❖ Contrary to popular belief, moderate exercise actually decreases your appetite.  
Exercise can be usefull for incresing your appetite.

❖ Computer technology is becoming an increasingly essential part of the modern learning process.  
Computer technology is widely used in the medicine world as a usefull tool.

❖ Volcanos have caused some of the worst disasters in history, including wiping out entire cities and killing thousands of people.  
The flooding of the Red River in Manitoba a few years back caused millions of dollars in damage.